PONDEROSA FIRE DISTRICT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Saunders Company, Ltd. 6008 West Cortez Street Glendale, Arizona 85304 Fax 602-926-2431 Phone 623-476-8660

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PONDEROSA FIRE DISTRICT

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

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SAUNDERS COMPANY, LTD

JAMES H. SAUNDERS, CPA, CFE, CGFM, PI. TRICIA E. SAUNDERS, PI.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTAINT CERTIFIED FRAUD EXAMINER CERTIFIED GOVERNMENT FINANCIAL MANAGER LICENSED PRIVATE INVESTIGATORS #01534603, # 1003706 6008 W. CORTEZ ST GLENDALE, ARIZONA 85304 Tel: (623) 476-8660 Fax: (602) 926-2431 E-Mail: JamesH49@AOL.com Triciaesaunders@Yahoo.com

Member: American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

Arizona Society of Certified Public Accountants

Arizona Association of Licensed Private Investigators

International Association of Certified Fraud Examiners Arizona Association of Certified Fraud Examiners

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Governing Board Ponderosa Fire District Bellemont, Arizona

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Ponderosa Fire District, Bellemont, Arizona, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Ponderosa Fire District, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

6/30/2020

Page 2

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, Required Supplementary Information and budgetary comparison information, as listed in the Table of Contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Arizona Revised Statutes require disclosure of certain additional supplementary information required to comply with section 48-251 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by statute as an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 14, 2021, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Saunders Company, Ltd.

Glendale, Arizona April 14, 2021

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PONDEROSA FIRE DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June, 30, 2020	
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The Ponderosa Fire District (PFD) discussion and analysis provides an overview of the financial activities for the fiscal year ended 2020. Since this information is designed to focus on the current year's activities, resulting changes and currently known facts, it should be read in conjunction with the financial statements which follow this analysis.

NATURE OF OPERATIONS

The Ponderosa Fire District (PFD) was organized as a Special Service District pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 5, Title 48 of the Arizona Revised Statutes – Special Taxing Districts, which sets forth the legal frame work for a fire district. The PFD provides fire protection and emergency medical services (ALS and BLS) for communities of Parks, Bellemont, A-1 Mountain, Saskan Ranch, other small subdivisions, a large portion of Interstate 40 and a 75 mile radius out-of-district response area. As well, a number of industrial and commercial properties are part of the PFD such as SCA Tissue, Schuff Steel and the Pilot Truck Stop. Through mutual aid agreements, PFD provides assistance with incidents that require additional first responders and also maintains a cooperative agreement with the Arizona State Forestry Department to provide personnel and equipment for wildland fires and other emergency incidents.

FY 2020

- **§** Holiday events for residents.
- **§** Public Relations: blood pressure checks, burn permits, CPR classes, etc.
- **§** Adopt a family through the IAFF for Thanksgiving (8 families) and Christmas (12 families)

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The following are the financial highlights for the district: PFD ended the year with \$396,802 in capital funds and \$253,885 in the general fund:

- § District investment in capital assets decreased by \$44,738 or 6.71%.
- **§** The District's net position increased by \$162,562 or 13.13% from the previous fiscal year.
- § Total revenues decreased by \$175,105 or 13.51% over the previous fiscal year.
- § At the end of the current fiscal year, unrestricted net position for the Governmental Activities was \$801.496.
- § Awarded additional grants through Arizona State Forestry for a grant income of \$100,421
- § Out-of-district wildland assignment income of \$81,149.08
- **§** Out-of-district response billing of \$13,737.79
- **§** The district paid off the loan 2503-KME Fire Engine (1)

The district paid a total of \$47,970 in debt services.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the PFD's basic financial statements. The PFD's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide

financial statements 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statement themselves.

The main purpose of these statements is to provide the reader with sufficient information to assess whether or not the PFD's overall financial position has improved or deteriorated.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the PFD's finances, in a manner similar to private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the Districts assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the PFD is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the PFD's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities and objectives. The PFD, like other state and local governments, use fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

	BA	BALANCE				
	June 30, 2019			June 30, 2020		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	599,681	\$	599,136		
Unrestricted		638,389		801,496		
Total Net Position	\$	1,238,070	\$	1,400,632		

Government - wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Ponderosa Fire District, Total Net Position was \$ 1,400,632 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

A large portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, construction in progress, buildings, machinery, vehicles, and equipment); less any related debt still outstanding used to acquire those assets. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to Citizens, consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The following is a comparative analysis between the current and the prior fiscal year for the government -wide statements.

Condensed Statement of Net Position

Governmental Activities

	2019	2020
Assets Current and other assets	\$ 665,505	\$ 903,827
Capital assets	<u>666,987</u>	622,249
Total assets	1,332,492	1,526,076
Deferred outflows of resources	147,613	166,201
Total Assets and outflows of Resources	1,480,105	1,692,277
Liabilities		
Current liabilities	95,833	87,947
Non-Current liabilities	41,867	<u>11,470</u>
Total liabilities	137,700	99,417
Deferred inflows of resources	104,335	192,228
Total liabilities and inflow of Resources	242,035	291,645
Net position:		
Net investment in capital assets	599,681	599,136
Unrestricted	638,389	<u>801,496</u>
Total Net Position	<u>\$1,238,070</u>	<u>\$ 1,400,632</u>

The unrestricted net position of \$801,496 is available to meet the District's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

Governmental Activities

Governmental Activities net position increased by \$162,562. Key elements of this increase are reported below:

Condensed Statement of Activities

	Government 2019	tal Activities 2020
Expenditures:		
Public Safety:		
Personnel	\$ 730,126	\$ 747,683
Materials and Supplies	176,650	192,870
Administration	43,500	66,506
Debt Service Interest	6,608	3,778
Depreciation	69,864	49,098
Total Program Expenditures	1,026,748	1,059,935
Revenues:		
Fees for services	141,084	94,887
Capital grants	81,855	62,873
Total program revenues	222,939	<u>157,760</u>
Net Program Expenditures	907,646	902,175
General revenues:		
Property taxes	740,027	789,949
Fire district assistance tax	131,716	145,605
Investment Earnings	20,723	25,453
Interest Earnings	6,316	8,842
Miscellaneous	204,705	94,888
Total general revenues	1,103,487	1,064,737
Change in net position	195,841	162,562
Net position, Beginning of the year	1,042,229	1,238,070
Net position, End of the year	<u>\$ 1,238,070</u>	<u>\$ 1,400,632</u>

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Most revenues for the PFD were derived from assessed property taxes and Fire District Assistance Tax from the County. The following information was derived from cash receipts:

Property Tax Revenue	\$782,200
FDAT	\$145,605
Grant Income	\$100,421
Out-of-District Billing	\$13,738
Wildland Fire State Assignments	\$81,149
Misc.	\$103,730

The legal compliance of budgeting for Special Districts in Arizona is at the fund level. The District did not overspend its budget at the fund level.

The District did, however, over-spent several line items. These items were Public Safety personnel costs in the amount of \$78,816, Debt Service Interest in the amount of \$134 and Administration in the amount of \$21,906.

CAPITAL ASSETS

The capital assets of the Ponderosa Fire District (PFD) are those assets that are used in the performance of PFD functions. Capital Assets include land, buildings and improvements, emergency vehicles, equipment and furniture and fixtures. In order to continue to provide the best service possible, the PFD spends a portion of the budget on fixed asset acquisition and capital projects.

Depreciable Assets	BALANCE 06/30/2019	BALANCE 06/30/2020
Vehicles Buildings Equipment, Admin Improvements Equipment, Fire	\$ 965,442 855,176 6,955 53,433 427,090	\$ 965,442 855,176 6,955 57,793 427,090
Total Historical Costs	2,308,096	2,312,456
Less Accumulated Depreciation		
Vehicles Buildings Equipment, Admin Improvements Equipment, Fire	944,959 305,444 6,955 49,974 	960,606 326,875 6,955 53,474 392,297
Less: Total Accumulated Depreciation	1,691,109	1,740,207
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	616,987	572,249
Non-Depreciable Assets		
Land	50,000	50,000
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 666,987	\$ 622,249

Non-Current Liabilities

At year end, the PFD had debt outstanding of \$34,583. All of the debt is backed by the full faith and credit of the PFD.

Changes in Non-Current Liabilities:

	_	alance 30, 2019	_	alance 30, 2020
KME Fire Engine (1) KME Fire Engine (2)	\$	22,400 44,904	\$	0 23,113
Total Lease Obligations		67,304		23,113
Compensated Absences – Due in More than One Year		18,754		11,470
Total Lease Obligations and Compensated Absences		86,058		34,583
Less: Current Capital Liabilities		44,193		23,113
Totals	\$	41,865	\$	11,470

FACTORS AFFECTING FUTURE RESULTS

The Ponderosa Fire District (PFD) is subject to general economic conditions such as increases or declines in property tax value or other types of revenues that vary with economic conditions.

- § PFD has a Strategic Plan in place and will continue development of the multi-year plan that will address financial planning for the acquisition and replacement of capital assets.
- **§** Residential and commercial development continues to expand in the Bellemont and Parks communities leading to a potential increase in property tax revenue.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT

This financial report is designed to provide an overview of the District's finances for anyone with an interest in the government's finances. Any questions regarding this report or requests for additional information may be directed to **Ponderosa Fire District**, 11951 W. Shadow Mountain Drive Bellemont, AZ 86015.

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

PONDEROSA FIRE DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

Exhibit A

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash & Cash Equivalents	\$ 650,687
Receivables	
Property Taxes	27,722
Net Pension Asset OPEB (PSPRS)	6,928
Net Pension Asset (PSPRS)	218,490
Total Capital Assets, Net	622,249
Total Assets	1,526,076
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES	
Deferred Outflows:	
Related to OPEB (PSPRS)	1,083
Related to Pension (PSPRS)	165,118
Total Assets and Outflow of Resources	1,692,277
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	17,659
Payroll Taxes Payable	18,901
Wages Payable	25,406
Due in Less than One Year	23,100
Compensated Absences	2,868
Capital Outlay	23,113
Non-Current Liabilities	,
Due in More than One Year	
Compensated Absences	11,470
Total Liabilities	99,417
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES	
Deferred Inflows:	
Related to OPEB (PSPRS)	5,718
Related to Pension (PSPRS)	186,510
Total Liabilities and Inflow of Resources	291,645
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	599,136
Unrestricted	801,496
Total Net Position	\$ 1,400,632

PONDEROSA FIRE DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Exhibit B

	Governmental Activities	
EXPENDITURES		
Public Safety:		
Personnel	\$	747,683
Material and Supplies		192,870
Administration		66,506
Debt Service Interest		3,778
Depreciation		49,098
Total Program Expenditures		1,059,935
PROGRAM REVENUES		
Fees for Service		94,887
Capital Grant Revenue		62,873
Total Program Revenues		157,760
Net Program Expenditures		902,175
GENERAL REVENUES		
Property Taxes		789,949
Fire District Assistance		145,605
Investment Earnings		25,453
Interest Earnings		8,842
Miscellaneous		94,888
Total General Revenues		1,064,737
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position		162,562
NET POSITION-BEGINNING OF THE YEAR		1,238,070
NET POSITION-END OF THE YEAR	\$	1,400,632

⁻The Notes to the Financial Statements are an Integral Part of This Statement-

PONDEROSA FIRE DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

Exhibit C

	(Capital Capital Projects General Projects Station 82 Fund Fund Fund		Projects		Projects- Station 82		Total	
ASSETS									
Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables:	\$	253,885	\$	176,438	\$	220,364	\$	650,687	
Property Taxes		27,722						27,722	
Total Assets	\$	281,607	\$	176,438	\$	220,364	\$	678,409	
LIABILITIES									
Accounts Payable	\$	17,659	\$	-	\$	_	\$	17,659	
Payroll Taxes Payable		18,901		-		-		18,901	
Wages Payable		25,406		-		-		25,406	
Total Liabilities		61,966		-		-		61,966	
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES									
Unavailable Revenues									
Deferred Property Taxes		18,322						18,322	
Total Liabilities and Inflow of Resources		80,288						80,288	
FUND BALANCES									
Assigned		_		176,438		220,364		396,802	
Unassigned		201,319						201,319	
Total Fund Balances		201,319		176,438		220,364		598,121	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflow of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	281,607	\$	176,438	\$	220,364	\$	678,409	

PONDEROSA FIRE DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Exhibit D

	•	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	I	Capital Projects- tation 82 Fund	Total
REVENUES						
Property Taxes	\$	789,398	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 789,398
Fire District Assistance Tax		145,605	-		-	145,605
Fees for Service		94,887	-		-	94,887
Capital Grants		62,873	-		-	62,873
Interest Earnings		8,842	-		-	8,842
Miscellaneous		19,846	 1,734		73,308	94,888
Total Revenues		1,121,451	 1,734		73,308	 1,196,493
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Public Safety:						
Personnel		752,100	-		-	752,100
Material and Supplies		192,870	-		-	192,870
Administration		66,506	-		-	66,506
Debt Service:			-		-	
Principal		44,192	-		-	44,192
Interest		3,778	-		-	3,778
Capital Outlay		4,360	 -		-	 4,360
Total Expenditures		1,063,806				 1,063,806
Excess (Deficiency) of						
Revenues over Expenditures		57,645	 1,734		73,308	132,687
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Transfers		25,377	 (1,500)		(23,877)	
Net Change in Fund Balances		83,022	234		49,431	132,687
Fund Balances-Beginning of Year		118,297	 176,204		170,933	 465,434
Fund Balances-End of Year	\$	201,319	\$ 176,438	\$	220,364	\$ 598,121

⁻The Notes to the Financial Statements are an Integral Part of This Statement-

PONDEROSA FIRE DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUND TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

		Exhibit E
Reconciliation of Governmental Fund Balance to Net Position (Exhibit A) of governmental activities:		
Fund Balances - Total Governmental Fund (Exhibit C)		\$ 598,121
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital Assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore are not reported in the other funds.		
Governmental Capital Assets	2,362,456	
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(1,740,207)	622,249
Deferred Outflows of Resources:		
Related to OPEB (PSPRS)		1,083
Related to Pension (PSPRS)		165,118
Net Pension Asset		
Related to OPEB (PSPRS)		6,928
Related to Pension (PSPRS)		218,490
Non-Current liabilities are not due and payable		
in the current period and therefore are not		
reported in the funds.		(37,451)
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Related to OPEB (PSPRS)		(5,718)
Related to Pension (PSPRS)		(186,510)
Related to Deferred Property Taxes		18,322

1,400,632

Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit A)

PONDEROSA FIRE DISTRICT

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUND TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Exhibit F

132,687

\$

Reconciliation of the change in fund balance-total governmental funds to the change in net position of governmental activities:

Net Change in Fund Balances -Total Governmental Fund (Exhibit D)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit B) are different because of the following:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expeditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense and sale of equipment exceeded capital outlay in the current period.

(44,738)

Net Changes to Deferred Outflows or Inflows of Resources

123,221

The addition of non-current liabilities (e.g., bonds, leases, leave) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of non-current liabilities consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of non-current liabilities and related items.

(48,608)

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit B)

\$ 162,562

⁻The Notes to the Financial Statements are an Integral Part of This Statement-

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PONDEROSA FIRE DISTRICT

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

The District is a local governmental unit formed as a political subdivision of the local county which is a political subdivision of the State of Arizona. The District was formed under the provisions of Title 48 of Arizona Revised Statutes. The District operates under the guidance of an elected board, which is the policy making body of the District. The purpose of the District is to provide fire protection, emergency medical and related services to the residents and guests of the District and the surrounding area. The day to day operations are supervised by the Fire Chief and administrative staff.

The District has the power to issue bonds, levy taxes, bill for services and raise revenues with the power of the County government. The District has the power to expend public funds for any legitimate purpose required to further its needs. The District operates as an independent governmental agency directly responsible to the local taxpayers and voters.

Introduction

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the reporting entity include the primary government, all organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and other organizations which by nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government would cause the financial statements to be incomplete or misleading if excluded. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations; therefore, data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. Based on these criteria, there are no component units requiring inclusion in these financial statements.

Basic Financial Statements

The accounting policies for the District conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more signific ant accounting policies are described below.

Government - wide Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to users of the services provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental funds

Governmental Fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available as net current assets. All sources of revenue except interest become measurable when the District has rendered a service. Interest revenue is measurable when its rate becomes known. Revenues are considered available if they are received within 60 days of the end of the accounting period. Expenditures are generally recognized when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Capital Projects Funds* are used to account for the construction of capital projects other than those which are voter approved by a bond issue, funded by operating funds or thru lease/purchas e agreements.

Financial Statements Amounts

Cash & Cash Equivalents

All savings, checking and money market accounts with an original maturity of less than 90 days are considered to be cash equivalents.

Prepaid Items

Payments to vendors that benefit future accounting periods are classified as prepaid items until charged to expenditures in the period benefited.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$2,500 and an estimated useful life of more than two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at the estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend lives are not capitalized.

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings 27.5 to 40 years
Equipment 5 to 7 years
Fire Trucks 10 years
Automobiles 5 years
Office Equipment 5 years

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and thus, will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, that statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or

fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Compensated Absences

Accumulated unpaid vacation and leave time is recorded in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position.

Non-Current Liabilities

In the government-wide financial statements, non-current liabilities and other non-current obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities or business-type activities in the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Net Position

Net Position on Government Wide Financial Statements - Exhibit A

Fund Equity, as defined in GASB Statement No. 34, "Basic Financial Statements for State and Local Governments" is defined as net position and is classified in the following categories:

- § Restricted—amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.
- § Unrestricted this balance is the amount of equity which is not included in the restricted fund balance and the Investments in Capital Asset balances.
- § Net Investment in Capital Assets This consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Fund Balances on Government Fund Financial Statements – Exhibit C

GASB Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions." This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balances more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

- § Nonspendable fund balance—amounts that are not in a spendable form (such as inventory) or are required to be maintained intact.
- § Restricted fund balance—amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.
- § Committed fund balance—amounts constrained to specific purposes by the District itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority (i.e., District Board). To be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint.
- § Assigned fund balance—amounts the District intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be expressed by the District Board or by an official or body to which the District Board delegates the authority.
- § Unassigned fund balance—amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive amounts are reported only in the general fund.

The District Board establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of a resolution. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund (such as for special incentives). Assigned fund balance is established by District Board through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purpose (such as the purchase of fixed assets, construction, debt service, or for other purposes).

Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amount and disclosures in the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information

A fire district shall prepare an annual budget that contains detailed estimated expenditures for each fiscal year and that clearly shows salaries payable to employees

of the district. The budget summary shall be posted in three public places and a complete copy of the budget shall be published on the district's official website for twenty days before a public hearing at a meeting called by the board to adopt the budget. Copies of the budget shall also be available to members of the public on written request to the district. Following the public hearing, the district board shall adopt a budget. A complete copy of the adopted budget shall be posted in a prominent location on the district's official website within seven business days after final adoption and shall be retained on the website for at least sixty months. For any fire district that does not maintain an official website, the fire district may comply with this subsection by posting on a website of an association of fire districts in this state. ARS 48-805.2(a)

Pursuant to ARS 48.805.2(d), all fire district are required to submit certain information accompanying the budget which has been certified to by the chairman and clerk of the District Board. The budget and the accompanying certification are required to be submitted to the County Board of Supervisors no later than August 1st of each year.

Budgets are adopted by the District on basis consistent with Arizona Revised Statutes. Encumbrance accounting is not employed by the District. All appropriations lapse at year-end.

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS, INVESTMENT RISK & CASH MANAGEMENT

Deposits and Investments

The deposit of public funds is regulated by Arizona Revised Statutes (ARS). ARS 48-807 allows the District to establish bank accounts with any financial institution that is authorized to do business in the State of Arizona for the purpose of operating a payroll account, holding special revenues, ambulance revenues, or both as necessary to fulfill the District's fiduciary responsibilities. The District may also establish, through the Coconino County Treasurer, accounts for monies from property taxes, grants, contributions and donations. The Coconino County Treasurer is required to establish a fund known as the "fire district general fund" for the receipt of all taxes levied on behalf of the District.

The District may register warrants only if separate accounts are maintained by the Coconino County Treasurer for each governmental fund of the District. Warrants may only be registered on the maintenance and operation account, the unrestricted capital outlay account and the special revenue accounts, and only if the total cash balance of all three accounts is insufficient to pay the warrants and only after any revolving line of credit has been expended. Registered warrants may not exceed ninety per cent of the taxes levied by the County for the District's current fiscal year. Registered warrants bear interest as prescribed by statute and are redeemed as provided for by law for County warrants.

Unless monies are legally restricted by contract, agreement or law, those monies may be transferred between fund accounts according to the original or amended budget of the Fire District.

Any surplus remaining the fire district general fund at the end of the fiscal year shall be credited to the fire district general fund of the district for the succeeding fiscal year and after subtraction of accounts payable and encumbrances, shall be used to reduce the tax levy for the following year.

The District accounts with the Coconino County Treasurer are part of an investment pool operated by the Coconino County Treasurer. The Coconino County Treasurer invests the cash in a pool under policy guidelines established by the Coconino County Treasurer's office. The County accounts for the investment pool in their Fiduciary Investment Trust Fund. Credit risk, concentration of credit risk, and interest rate risk regarding the Coconino County Treasurer's Investment pool is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the County. The fair value of each participant's position in the Coconino County Treasurer's Investment Pool approximates the value of the participant's shares in the pool.

Financial institutions accepting governmental monies in the State of Arizona are required to collateralize at 102% all government deposits which exceed the FDIC insurance limit. The current FDIC limit is \$250,000 for the total of all interest bearing accounts and \$250,000 for the total of all demand deposit accounts. The collateralization is required to be separately identifiable securities and be held by a third party financial institution or trust agency. ARS (Title 35) requires this to be monitored by the Arizona State Treasurer's Office.

The District may also place monies in investments which are subject to the risks identified below.

The following is a summary of the Cash and Cash Equivalents held by financial institutions at June 30, 2020:

DEPOSITORY ACCOUNTS:

	General Fund		Capital Projects Fund	Sta	al Projects ation 82 Fund	 Total		
Coconino County Treasurer Investment Pool	\$	263,139	\$ 176,438	\$	220,364	\$ 659,941		
Total Deposits		263,139	176,438		220,364	659,941		
In Transit Items		(9,254)	0		0	(9,254)		
Total Cash & Cash Equivalents	\$	253,885	\$ 176,438	\$	220,364	\$ 650,687		

GASB Statement No. 72 establishes standards for measuring fair value and applying fair value to certain investments, establishes a three-tier hierarchy of inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value and enhances disclosures related to fair value hierarchy and valuation techniques.

These fair value measurement reporting levels are:

- Level 1 Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets.
- Level 2 Significant other observable inputs.
- Level 3 Significant unobservable inputs.

Investments by fair value level:

Coconino County Treasurer Investment Pool Level Two

External investment pools measured at fair value:

Coconino County Treasurer Investment Pool \$ 659,941

Total <u>\$ 659,941</u>

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u>. Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the system will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Investments in external investment pools and in open-end mutual funds are not exposed to custodial credit risk because their existence is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

Foreign Currency Risk Arizona Revised Statutes do not allow foreign investments.

<u>Investment Policy</u> the District does not have a formal policy with respect to credit risk, custodial credit risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk, or foreign currency risk.

<u>Credit Risk</u> – Credit Risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment in a debt security will not fulfill its obligations. The District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices other than what is in the Arizona Revised Statutes (ARS). The Coconino County Treasurer's Investment Pool (CCTIP) are external investment pools with no regulatory oversight. The CCTIP is not required to register (and is not registered) with the Securities and Exchange Commission. As of June 30, 2020, the CCTIP had not received a credit quality rating from a national rating agency.

Statues authorize the District to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and federal agency securities, along with certain public obligations such as bonds or other obligations of any state of the United States of America or of any agency, instrumentality, or local governmental unit of any such state of which the District

invests, that are rated in the highest rating category of nationally recognized statistical rating organizations.

Obligations of the U.S. government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government are not considered to have credit risk.

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u> Concentration of credit risk is associated with investments in any one issuer that represent 5 percent or more of total investments. Investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments are considered as excluded from this requirement.

Arizona Revised Statutes do not include any requirement for concentration of risk.

<u>Interest rate risk</u>: This is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

The Coconino County Treasurer invests the cash in a pool under policy guidelines established by the Coconino County Treasurer's office (the County). The County accounts for the investment pool in their Fiduciary Investment Trust Fund. Credit risk, concentration of credit risk, and interest rate risk regarding the Coconino County Treasurer's Investment Pool (CCTIP) is included in the Comprehensive Annual Report of the County. The fair value of each participant's position in the CCTIP approximates the value of the participant's shares in the pool.

NOTE 4-RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and the public; and natural or manmade disasters. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have never exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the District.

In addition, as the owner and operator of emergency response vehicles, the District is exposed to a high risk of loss related to these activities. The District carries commercial insurance on all vehicles and requires insurance coverage on all privately owned vehicles used for District activities.

NOTE 5 - INVENTORIES

The costs of governmental fund-type inventories are recorded as expenditures when purchased. All inventories of the District are considered immaterial.

NOTE 6 - RECEIVABLES

General and governmental fund receivables are recorded as received except for those funds collected and held by other governments on behalf of the Fire District. These amounts are recorded as soon as they are measurable and available in accordance with governmental accounting standards.

NOTE 7 – PROPERTY TAX REVENUE RECEIVABLE

Property Tax Receivable's arise when property taxes are levied but not currently collected. The collectible portion (taxes levied less estimated uncollectible) are recorded as deferred inflow of resources in the period when an enforceable legal claim to the assets arises.

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended.

	BALANCE	A DDITTONG	DEL ETIONG	BALANCE	
Depreciable Assets	06/30/2019	<u>ADDITIONS</u>	<u>DELETIONS</u>	06/30/2020	
<u> </u>					
Vehicles	\$ 965,442	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 965,442	
Buildings	855,176	0	0	855,176	
Equipment, Admin	6,955	0	0	6,955	
Improvements	53,433	4,360	0	57,793	
Equipment, Fire	427,090	0	0	427,090	
Total Historical Costs	2,308,096	4,360	0	2,312,456	
Less Accumulated Depreciation					
Vehicles	944,959	15,647	0	960,606	
Buildings	305,444	21,431	0	326,875	
Equipment, Admin	6,955	0	0	6,955	
Improvements	49,974	3,500	0	53,474	
Equipment, Fire	383,777	8,520	0	392,297	
Less: Total Accumulated					
Depreciation	1,691,109	49,098	0	1,740,207	
Depreciable					
Capital Assets, Net	616,987	(44,738)	0	572,249	
Non-Depreciable Assets					
Land	50,000	0	0	50,000	
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 666,987	<u>\$ (44,738)</u>	<u>\$</u> 0	\$ 622,249	

NOTE 9 - DEFERRED OUTLOWS AND INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 63, "Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position," and GASB Statement No. 65, "Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities," the District recognized deferred outflows of resources in the governmentwide statements. These items are a consumption of net position by the District that is applicable to a future reporting period. Previous financial reporting standards do not include guidance for reporting those financial statement elements, which are distinct from assets and liabilities. The District reports the deferred inflows and outflows as follows:

	00,011	nmentwide tivities		
Government - Wide Deferred Outflows:				
Related to OPEB (PSPRS)	\$	1,083		
Related to Pensions (PSPRS)		165,118		
Total Government - Wide Activities	\$	166,201		
Government - Wide Deferred Inflows: Related to OPEB (PSPRS) Related to Pension (Pension) Total Governmentwide Activities	\$ \$	5,718 186,510 192,228		
		Governmental <u>Activities</u>		
Unavailable Revenues				
Deferred Property Taxes		18,322		
Total Governmental Activities	\$	18,322		

NOTE 10 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the government expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

NOTE 11 – ACCUMULATED COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Accumulated unpaid compensated absences are accrued in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position. The accrual at year end consisted of \$ 2,868 payable in less than one year and \$ 11,470 payable in future years.

Sick time at June 30, 2020 was \$ 66,650. Sick time is not payable upon termination and is not accrued in the Financial Statements.

NOTE 12 – CURRENT LIABILITIES

Accounts Payable are liabilities considered due and payable in 60 days or less.

Current liabilities are those liabilities payable within one year or less.

The District utilizes an unsecured revolving credit line with JP Morgan Chase thru the Coconino County Treasurer. The amount of the Line of Credit is \$100,000. Interest on this line of credit is based on a percentage of the Prime rate at the time the line of credit is utilized. This number changes as the Prime Rate changes. The District routinely pays the balance in full when funds are available.

Changes in Current Liabilities:

	Balance June 30, 2019		Ad	<u>lditions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>		Balance June 30, 2020	
Accounts Payable Payroll Taxes Payable Wages Payable Compensated Absences Capital Leases Payable	\$	10,996 14,564 21,392 4,688 44,193	\$	6,663 4,337 4,014 0	\$	0 0 0 1,820 21,080	\$	17,659 18,901 25,406 2,868 23,113
Totals	<u>\$</u>	95,833	<u>\$</u>	515,014	<u>\$ 2</u>	2,900	<u>\$</u>	87,947

NOTE 13- LINE OF CREDIT

The District utilizes an unsecured revolving credit line with JP Morgan Chase thru the Coconino County Treasurer. The amount of the Line of Credit is \$100,000. Interest on this line of credit is based on a percentage of the Prime rate at the time the line of credit is utilized. This number changes as the Prime Rate changes. The District routinely pays the balance in full when funds are available.

NOTE 14- COMMITMENTS

The District does not currently have any committed funds.

NOTE 15 – NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES

In the government-wide financial statements, non-current liabilities and other non-current obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities or business-type activities in the statement of net position.

General Obligation Bonds

The District does not currently have any general obligation bonds.

Operating Leases

The District does not currently have any operating leases.

Capital Leases

KME Fire Engine (1): On December 15th, 2004, the District entered into a lease/purchase agreement for a KME Fire Engine financed by First Banker. The lease/purchase is in the amount of \$232,496 with an interest rate of 5.497% with semi-annual payments of \$11,664 ending on April 1st, 2020. This lease/purchase was paid off during the Fiscal Year.

<u>KME Fire Engine (2)</u>: On January 30th, 2006, the District entered into a lease/purchase agreement for a KME Fire Engine financed by First Banker. The lease/purchase is in the amount of \$239,300 with an interest rate of 6.068% with annual payments of \$24,516 ending on December 1st, 2020.

<u>Description</u>	Interest Rate	Lease Term	Balance <u>06/30/20</u>
KME Fire Engine (1) KME Fire	5.497%	04/01/2020	\$ 0
Engine (2)	6.068%	12/01/2020	\$ 23,113

The following assets were acquired through capital leases:

	Cost	Accumulated Depreciation	Carrying <u>Value</u>
KME Fire Engine (1) KME Fire Engine (2)	\$ 243,384 239,300	\$ 243,384 239,300	\$ 0 0
Total	\$ 482,684	\$ 482,684	\$ 0

Changes in Non-Current Liabilities:

	lance 0, 2019	Additi	<u>ons</u>	<u>Del</u>	etions	Balance ne 30, 2020
KME Fire Engine (1) KME Fire Engine (2)	\$ 22,400 44,904	\$	0	\$	22,400 21,791	\$ 0 23,113
Total Lease Obligations	67,304		0		44,191	23,113
Compensated Absences – Due in More than One Year	18,754		0_		7,284	 11,470
Total Lease Obligations and Compensated Absences	86,058		0		51,475	34,583
Less: Current Capital Liabilities	 44,193		0		21,080	 23,113
Totals	\$ 41,865	\$	0	\$	30,395	\$ 11,470

NOTE 16 - FUTURE MINIMUM LEASE/PURCHASE OBLIGATIONS

The future minimum lease/purchase obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease/purchase payments as of June 30, 2020 were as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>	
2021	\$ 23,113	\$ 1,403	\$ 24,516	
Total Obligation	23,113	<u>\$ 1,403</u>	24,516	
Less Amount Representing Interest			1,403	
Less amount due within 1 year	23,113			
Future Minimum Lease Payments			\$ 23,113	
Amount due after 1 year	<u>\$</u> 0			

NOTE 17 – NET POSITION/FUND BALANCE

The District's Net Position balance's consist of restricted, unrestricted, non-spendable, and net investment in capital assets amounts.

The District's Governmental Funds fund balances consist of restricted, committed, assigned, non-spendable and unassigned amounts.

Restricted balances are amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance is amounts constrained to specific purposes by the District itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority (i.e., District Board). To be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint.

Assigned fund balance is amounts the District intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be expressed by the District Board or by an official or body to which the District Board delegates the authority.

Unassigned fund balance is amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive amounts are reported only in the general fund.

Nonspendable balances are amounts that are not in a spendable form such as inventories or pre-paid expenses.

Net Position:

Net Investment in Capital Assets Unrestricted	\$ 599,136 <u>801,496</u>
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 1,400,632</u>
Governmental Fund Balances:	
Assigned – Capital Reserve Unassigned Fund Balances	\$ 396,802 201,319
Total Fund Balance	<u>\$ 598,121</u>

NOTE 18 - PROPERTY TAXES

The District is authorized to levy property taxes in an amount sufficient to operate the District. This levy cannot exceed three dollars and twenty-five cents per one hundred dollars of assessed valuation. It also cannot exceed the amount of the levy in the preceding tax year multiplied by 1.08.

The District levies real property taxes on or before the third Monday in August that become due and payable in two equal installments. The first installment is due on the first day of October and becomes delinquent after the first business day of November. The second installment is due on the first day of March of the next year and becomes delinquent after the first business day of May.

The District also levies various personal property taxes during the year, which are due at the same time as real property taxes.

A lien assessed against real and personal property attaches on the first day of January preceding assessment and levy.

The taxpayers may, by vote of the electorate, authorize a permanent override, depending upon certain criteria being met. The taxpayers also may authorize the issuance of bonds for capital acquisitions in addition to the operating taxes referred to above.

The County collects a County-Wide Fire District Assistance Tax (FDAT) and distributes the funds to all Fire Districts in the County, according to a formula established by state law. The maximum awarded to a District cannot exceed \$400,000 per year.

NOTE 19 – EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND POST EMPLOYMENT PLANS

The District and employees contribute to a retirement plan. This plan is the Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS). For public safety personnel, state statute regulates retirement, death, long-term disability, and survivor insurance premium benefits. The District has not established a retirement plan for non-public safety employees

The cost of postemployment healthcare benefits, from an accrual accounting perspective, should be associated with the periods in which future costs are earned rather than in the future years when they will be paid (similar to the cost of pension benefits), GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions requires the District to recognize the entire OPEB liability and a comprehensive measure of OPEB expense. The comprehensive measures of OPEB expense includes immediate recognition in OPEB expense of the effects of changes of benefit terms, as well as the incorporation of the amortization of deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB over a defined, closed period.

At June 30, 2020, the District reported the following aggregate amounts related to pensions and other post-employment benefits (OPEB) for which it contributes:

	PENSION PSPRS	OPEB PSPRS
Net pension liability (Asset)	\$ (218,490)	\$ (6,928)
Deferred outflows of resources	165,118	1,083
Deferred inflows of resources	186,510	5,718
Pension expense	85,685	1,521

Public Safety Personnel Retirement System

Plan Description – The District entered into a Joinder Agreement with the Arizona State Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS), an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, and an agent multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium plan to all full-time personnel engage in fire suppression or hazardous duty activities and/or fire support. A nine-member board known as the Board of Trustees and the participating local boards govern the PSPRS according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 4.

District public safety employees who became PSPRS members before July 1, 2017 participate in the agent plans, and those who became members on or after July 1, 2017, participate in the cost-sharing plans (PSPRS Tier 3 Risk Pool). A defined contribution plan is only available to those members who became a member on or after January 1, 2012.

The PSPRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes their financial statements and required supplementary information of PSPRS. The reports are available on the PSPRS Web site at www.psprs.com or may be obtained by writing to Public Safety Personnel, 3010 E. Camelback Road. Suite 200, Phoenix, Arizona 85016 or calling (602) 255-5575

Benefits Provided – The PSPRS provides retirement, health insurance premium supplement, disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefit terms. Retirement commences the first day of the month following termination of employment. Retirement, disability, and survivor benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average monthly compensation, and service credit as follows:

TIER 1 – Members prior to December 31, 2011

- 1. 20 years of credited service: 50% of the average monthly benefit compensation for the first 20 years of service.
- 2. Age 62 with 15 years of service, or 20 years of service with less than 20 years of credited service: 50% of the average monthly benefit compensation for the first 20 years of credited service. The pension is reduced by 4% per year for each year of credited service under 20 years.

- 3. 20 to 24.99 years of credited service: 50% of the average monthly benefit compensation for the first 20 years of credited service plus 2% of the average monthly benefit compensation for each year of credited service between 20 and 24.99 years.
- 4. 25 or more years of credited service: 50% of the average monthly benefit compensation for the first 20 years of credited service plus 2.5% of the average monthly benefit compensation for each year of credited service above 20 years up to a maximum of 80% of the average monthly benefit.

TIER 2 – Members joining between January 1, 2012 and June 30, 2017

- 1. Age 52.5 with 15 years of credited service but less than 25 years: average monthly benefit compensation times a multiplier that varies by years of service, from 1.5% to 2.5% per year of service, times the number of years of service.
- 2. Age 52.5 with 25 years of credited service: 62.5% of the average monthly benefit compensation. Benefits will be reduced by 4% for each year of credited service under 25 years.
- 3. 25 or more years of credited service: 62.5% of the average monthly benefit compensation for the first 25 years of credited service plus 2.5% of the average monthly benefit compensation for each year of credited service above 25 years up to a maximum of 80% of the average monthly benefit compensation. The pension is reduced by 4% for each year of credited service under 25 years with a pro-rata reduction for any fractional years.

TIER 3 – Members joining July 1, 2017 or after

- 1. Age 55 with 15 or more years of credited service: average monthly benefit compensation times a multiplier that varies by years of service from 1.5% to 2.5% per year of service, times the number of years of service up to a maximum of 80% of the average monthly benefit compensation.
- 2. An individual who became a member o or after July 1, 2017, and reaches age 52,5 with at least 15 years of credited service may take an early retirement; however, the amount of his or her retirement benefit is actuarially reduced.

This group of members will enroll in a hybrid plan, which has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan. Employees who are part of this group may also elect to participate in a defined contribution plan in lieu of the hybrid plan. If enrolling in the hybrid plan, benefits (defined benefit portion only) commence on the first day of the month following termination of employment.

"Average Monthly Benefit Compensation" is defined differently for each tier above. The definitions are as follows:

Tier 1- is the 36 consecutive months of highest compensation within the last 20 years of service.

Tier 2- is the 60 consecutive months of highest compensation within the last 20 years of service

Tier 3- is the 60 consecutive months of highest compensation within the last 15 years of service.

Disability benefits are calculated as follows:

Accidental Disability Retirement: 50% of average monthly compensation, or

normal pension, whichever is greater.

Catastrophic Disability Retirement: 90% of average monthly compensation for the

first 60 months. Thereafter, the benefit is the greater of 62.5% of the average monthly compensation or the members accrued normal

pension.

Ordinary Disability Retirement: A percentage of normal pension on employees

credited service (maximum 20 years divided by

20).

Survivor benefits are paid on behalf of an active member in the amount of 80% of the pension based on the calculation for an accidental disability retirement. If the member was killed in the line of duty, the benefit is 100% of the member's average monthly compensation. The benefit amount is allocated to the surviving spouse and, if applicable, eligible children. If there is no surviving spouse, and there is at least one eligible child, the guardian of the eligible child(ren) are the recipients of the benefit. If there is no surviving spouse or eligible child(ren), the member's named beneficiary on file will receive the member's accumulated contributions. Benefits are paid on behalf of inactive, non-retired member to the member's named beneficiary in the mount of member's accumulated contributions. Death benefits are paid on behalf of a retired member in a manner similar to an active member. The surviving spouse (if married for at least two consecutive years at the time of the member's death) will receive 80% of the members pension benefit for lifetime. The surviving children and guardian provisions are the same as those regarding active members, with the exception that the percentages received are based upon the pension amount as opposed to the amounts referenced above for active members. If there is no surviving spouse or eligible child(ren), the member's named beneficiary on file will receive the member's accumulated contributions less the pension payment made to the member.

Health insurance premium benefits are available to retired or disabled members with 5 years of credited service. The benefits are payable only with respect to allowable health insurance premiums for which the member is responsible. Benefits range from \$150 per month to \$260 per month depending on the age of the member and dependents.

Employees covered by benefit terms – At June 30, 2019, the following employees were covered by the agent pension plan's benefit terms:

PSPRS

	Pension	<u>OPEB</u>
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits		
receiving benefits	0	0
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	1	1
DROP	0	0
Active employees	_4	_4
Total	<u>_5</u>	<u>_5</u>

Contributions – State statues establish the pension contribution requirements for active PSPRS employees. In accordance with state statutes, annual actuarial valuations determine employer contribution requirements for PSPRS pension and health insurance premium benefits. The combined active members and employer contribution rates are expected to finance costs of benefits employees earn during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded liability. Contribution rates for the year ended June 30, 2020, are indicated below. Rates are a percentage of active members' annual covered payroll.

	Active member	District	Health insurance
	Pension	Pension	Premium benefit
Active members - pension	7.65%		
District:			
Pension	7.65%	12.38%	0.35%
Tier 3 Risk Pool	9.05%	9.05%	0.13%

District contributions to the plans for the year ended June 30, 2020, were:

	Net	pension	Net (Net OPEB		
PSPRS		47.811	\$	0		

Pension Liability - The net assets and net liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total liability used to calculate the net asset or liability was determined by an actuarial valuation assumptions based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2016, including decreasing the investment rate of return from 7.5% to 7.4%, decreasing the wage inflation from 4% to 3.5%, and updating mortality, withdrawal, disability, and retirement The total pension liabilities for PSPRS also reflect changes of benefit terms for legislation that changed benefit eligibility and multipliers for employees who became members between January 1, 2012 and June 30, 2017, and a court decision that decreased the contribution rates for the employees who became members before July 20, 2011. The court decision will also affect the PSPRS net pension liabilities measured as of June 20, 2018, because of refunds of excess member contributions. The changes in the District's PSPRS net pension liabilities as a result of the refunds is not known.

At June 30, 2020 the District reported the following assets and liabilities:

	Net pension	Net OPEB	
	(asset) liability	(asset) liability	
PSPRS	\$ (218,490)	\$ (6,928)	

Actuarial assumptions - The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension/OPEB liability are as follows:

June 30, 2019 Actuarial valuation date Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal Actuarial Assumptions:

Investment rate of return 7.30% Wage inflation 3.5% for pensions/not applicable for OPEB 2.5% for pensions/not applicable for OPEB Price inflation Cost-of-living adjustment 1.75% for pensions/not applicable for OPEB Permanent benefit increase Included for pensions/not applicable for OPEB Mortality rates PUB-S-2010 tables

Healthcare cost trend rate Not applicable Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return on PSPRS pension plan investments was determined to be 7.30 using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Cl	ass	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return *
Short	Term	2%	0.25%
investments			
Risk parity		4%	4.01%
Fixed Income		5%	3.00%
Real assets		9%	6.75%
GTS		12%	4.01%
Private credit		16%	5.36%
Real estate		10%	4.50%
Private equity		16%	8.40%
Non-U.S. equi	ty	14%	5.00%
U.S. equity		<u>16%</u>	4.75%
Total		<u>100%</u>	

Discount Rates – At June 30, 2019, the discount rate used to measure the PSPRS total pension/OPEB liabilities was 7.3%, which was a decrease of .1% from the discount rate used as of June 30, 2018. The projection of cash flows used to determine the PSPRS discount rates assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the actuarially determined contribution rate and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension/OPEB liability.

Pension/OPEB

Changes in the Net Pension/OPE B Liability

	Total Pension Liability	Pension Increase (Decrease) Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Net Pension Liability	Healt Total OPEB <u>Liability</u>	h insurance premium ben Increase (Decrease) Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Net OPEB Liability
Balances At June 30, 2019	\$ 262,871	\$ 388,744	\$ (125,873)	\$ 6,608	\$ 11,095	\$ (4,487)
Changes for the current year:						
Service Cost	85,685	0	85,685	1,521	0	1,521
Interest on the total pension liability	25,693	0	25,693	602	0	602
Changes of benefit terms	0	0	0	0	0	0
Differences between expected and actual						
experience in the measurement of the						
total liability	(107,639)	0	(107,639)	(3,148)	0	(3,148)
Change of assumptions or other inputs	5,235	0	5,235	97	0	97
Contributions – Employer	0	42,843	(42,843)	0	849	(849)
Contributions – Employee	0	37,721	(37,721)	0	0	Ó
Net investment income	0	22,470	(22,470)	0	622	(622)
Benefit payments, including refunds of						
employee contributions	(2,702)	(2,702)	0	0	0	0
Hall/Parker Settlement	0	0	0	0	0	0
Administrative Expense	0	(1,390)	1,390	0	(11)	11
Other changes	0	(53)	53	0	53	(53)
Net Changes	6,272	98,889	(92,617)	(928)	1,513	(2,441)
Balances at June 30, 2020	\$ 269.143	\$ 487.633	\$ (218.490)	\$ 5.680	\$ 12.608	\$ (6.928)

Sensitivity of the District's net pension liability to changes in the discount rate – The following table presents the District's net pension/OPEB liability calculated using the discount rates noted above, as well as what the District's net pension/OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	1%	Decrease	Disc	count Rate	1% Increase			
		6.30%		7.30%		8.30%		
Net OPEB liability	\$	(6,029)	\$	(6,928)	\$	(7,674)		
Net pension	\$	(171,890)	\$	(218,490)	\$	(253,496)		
liability								

Pension plan fiduciary net position – Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PSPRS financial report. The report is available on the PSPRS website at www.psprs.com.

Pension expense and deferred outflows/inflows of resources – For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized pension expense for PSPRS of \$ 85,685 and \$ 1,521 as OPEB expense.

At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflow and inflows of resources related pensions and OPEB from the following sources:

		Pe	nsion		Health Insurance Premium Benefit					
	Ou	Deferred utflows of esources		red Inflows Resources	Out	ferred flows of sources	Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual										
experience	\$	40,129	\$	185,510	\$	617	\$	5,718		
Changes of assumption or other inputs		31,715		0		372		0		
Net difference between project and actual										
earnings on pension plan investments		6,884		0		94		0		
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		86,390		0		0		0		
Total	\$	165,118	\$	185,510	\$	1083	\$	5,718		

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Pension	OPEB			
	Net	Net			
	Deferred	Deferred			
	Outflows of	Inflows of			
	Resources	Resources			
Year Ending June					
30:					
2021	\$ (8,717)	\$ (341)			
2022	(10,516)	(339)			
2023	(8,813)	(277)			
2024	(9,210)	(289)			
2025	(11,035)	(335)			
Thereafter	(59,491)	(3,054)			
	\$ 107,782)	\$ (4,635)			

NOTE 20 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events and does not know of any additional comments or disclosures that should be made thru the date of this report, other than any items listed below.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

PONDEROSA FIRE DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE-GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Exhibit G

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Property Taxes	\$ 810,071	\$ 810,071	\$ 789,398	\$ (20,673)
Fire District Assistance	162,014	162,014	145,605	(16,409)
Fees for Service	1,250	1,250	94,887	93,637
Interest Earnings	-	-	8,842	8,842
Capital Grants	-	-	62,873	62,873
Miscellaneous	1,250	1,250	19,846	18,596
Total Revenues	974,585	974,585	1,121,451	146,866
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Public Safety				
Personnel	673,284	673,284	752,100	(78,816)
Materials and Supplies	208,856	208,856	192,870	15,986
Administration	44,600	44,600	66,506	(21,906)
Debt Service:				
Princial	44,201	44,201	44,192	9
Interest	3,644	3,644	3,778	(134)
Capital Outlay	175,410	175,410	4,360	171,050
Total Expenditures	1,149,995	1,149,995	1,063,806	86,189
Excess (Deficiency) of				
Revenues over Expenditures	(175,410)	(175,410)	57,645	233,055
Other Financing Sources				
Transfers			25,377	(25,377)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(175,410)	(175,410)	83,022	207,678
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	175,410	175,410	118,297	(57,113)
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 0	¢ 0	¢ 201.210	¢ 201.210
rund datances at End of Tear	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 201,319	\$ 201,319

PONDEROSA FIRE DISTRICT NOTES TO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 – BUDGETARY REQUIREMENTS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

In accordance with the Arizona Revised Statutes, the District is required to adopt an annual operating budget no later than August 1st. The budget is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles and appropriations lapse at year-end.

NOTE 2 - OVER-EXPENDITURE OF BUDGET LINE ITEMS

The legal compliance of budgeting for Special Districts in Arizona is at the fund level. The District did not overspend its budget at the fund level.

The District did, however, over-spent several line items. These items were Public Safety Personnel in the amount of \$78,816, Debt Service Interest in the amount of \$134 and Administration in the amount of \$21,906.

PONDEROSA FIRE DISTRICT

Schedule of Changes in the District's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Agent Plans (PSPRS) Last Ten Fiscal Years Year Ended June 30, 2020

PSPRS - PENSION

RSI-1

				I	FISC	CAL YEAI	3			
Reporting Year Measurement Date		2020 (2019)	2019 (2018)	2018 (2017)		2017 (2016)		2016 (2015)	2015 (2014)	2014 THROUGH 2010
Total Pension Liability										Information
Service Cost	\$	85,685	\$ 72,117	\$ 61,445	\$	49,936	\$	29,536	\$ _	not available
Interest on total pension liability		25,693	22,757	17,559		6,940		3,228	_	
Changes of benefit terms		-	_	(21,456)		23,115		_	(183)	
Difference between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the										
pension liability		(107,639)	(98,938)	(5,704)		53,621		8,763	26,568	
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		5,235	-	22,337		12,346		-	(30)	
Benefit payments including refund of										
employee contributions		(2,702)	(9,077)	(3,125)		(8,884)		=	 -	
Net change in pension liability		6,272	(13,141)	71,056		137,074		41,527	26,355	
Total pension liability - beginning		262,871	276,012	 204,956		67,882		26,355	 	
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	269,143	\$ 262,871	\$ 276,012	\$	204,956	\$	67,882	\$ 26,355	
Plan Fiduciary net position										
Contributions - employer	\$	42,843	\$ 60,514	\$ 44,114	\$	34,468	\$	17,732	\$ 19,186	
Contributions - employee		37,721	44,746	40,966		32,504		19,516	17,192	
Net investment income		22,470	21,961	24,662		758		1,916	2,429	
Benefit payments, including refunds of										
employee contributions		(2,702)	(9,077)	(3,125)		(8,884)		_	-	
Hall/Parker Settlement		-	(8,875)							
Pension plan administrative expense		(1,390)	(1,034)	(618)		(509)		(421)	-	
Other changes		(53)	2	2		41,104		(23)	 	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		98,889	108,237	106,001		99,441		38,720	38,807	
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		388,744	 280,507	174,506		75,065		36,345	 	
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$_	487,633	\$ 388,744	\$ 280,507	\$	174,506	\$	75,065	\$ 38,807	

PONDEROSA FIRE DISTRICT

Schedule of Changes in the District's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Agent Plans (PSPRS) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year Ended June 30, 2020

RSI-1

PSPRS - PENSION

of covered-employee payroll

	FISCAL YEAR										
Reporting Year Mesurement Date	2020 (2019)		2019 (2018)		2018 (2017)		2017 (2016)		2016 (2015)	2015 (2014)	2014 THROUGH 2010
District's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b	(218,490)	\$	(125,873)	\$	(4,495)		30,450	\$	(7,183)	\$ (12,452)	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	181.18%		147.88%		101.63%		85.14%		110.58%	147.25%	
Covered-employee payroll \$	264,553	\$	380,366	\$	317,545	\$	289,484	\$	224,189	\$ 166,109	
District's net pension liability as a percentage	-82.59%		-33.09%		-1.42%		10.52%		-3.20%	-7.50%	

PONDEROSA FIRE DISTRICT Schedule of Changes in the District's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Agent Plans (PSPRS) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year Ended June 30, 2020

RSI-2

OPEB - PSPRS

Plan fiduciary net position - beginning

Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)

FISCAL YEAR 2014 2020 2019 2018 2016 Reporting Year 2017 2015 THROUGH Measurement Date (2019)(2017)(2016)(2018)(2015)(2014)2010 **Total OPEB Liability** Information Information Information Information Service Cost \$ 1.521 \$ 1.141 \$ 889 not available not available not available not available Interest on total OPEB liability 602 633 367 Changes of benefit terms 1.202 Difference between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the **OPEB** liability (3,148)(3,152)731 342 Changes of assumptions or other inputs 97 Benefit payments including refund of employee contributions (928)(1,378)3.531 Net change in OPEB liability Total OPEB liability - beginning 6,608 7,986 4,455 7,986 \$ \$ Total OPEB liability - ending (a) 5,680 6,608 Plan Fiduciary net position Contributions - employer \$ 849 \$ 785 \$ 1.502 Contributions - employee Net investment income 622 678 921 Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions OPEB plan administrative expense (10)(8) (11)Other changes (1) Net change in plan fiduciary net position 1.460 1.452 2.415

9,643

11,095

11,095

12,555

7,228

9,643

PONDEROSA FIRE DISTRICT

Schedule of Changes in the District's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Agent Plans (PSPRS) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year Ended June 30, 2020

OPEB - PSPRS

RSI-2

OPEB - PSPRS		FISCAL YEAR							
Reporting Year Mesurement Date	2020 (2019)	2019 (2018)	2018 (2017)		016 2015 015) (2014)	2014 THROUGH 2010			
District's net OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ (6,875)	\$ (4,487)	\$ (1,657)	\$ - \$	- \$	<u>-</u>			
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of									
the total OPEB liability	221.04%	167.90%	120.75%						
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 246,553	\$ 380,366	\$ 317,545						
District's net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	-2.79%	-1.18%	-0.52%						

PONDEROSA FIRE DISTRICT Schedule of Pension Contributions Year Ended June 30, 2020

RSI-3

PSPRS - Pension

TOTRO TONSION	 2020 asurement ate (2019)	 2019 asurement ate (2018)	 2018 asurement ate (2017)	 2017 asurement ate (2016)	2016 asurement ate (2015)	 2015 asurement ate (2014)	2014 through 2010
Actuarially determined contribution District's contributions in relation to the	\$ 42,843	\$ 60,514	\$ 44,114	\$ 34,468	\$ 17,732	\$ 19,186	Information not
actuarially determined contribution	 42,843	 60,514	44,114	 34,468	 17,732	 19,186	available
District's contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ =	\$ =	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 	
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 246,553	\$ 380,366	\$ 317,545	\$ 289,484	\$ 224,189	\$ 166,109	
District's contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	17.38%	15.91%	13.89%	11.91%	7.91%	11.55%	

PONDEROSA FIRE DISTRICT Schedule of OPEB Contributions Year Ended June 30, 2020

RSI-4

PSPRS - OPEB

TOTAL OF LD	 2020 asurement ate (2019)	 2019 asurement ate (2018)	2018 asurement ate (2017)	2017 Measurement Date (2016)	2016 Measurement Date (2015)	2015 Measurement Date (2014)	2014 through 2010
Actuarially determined contribution District's contributions in relation to the	\$ 849	\$ 785	\$ 1,502	Information not	Information not	Information not	Information not
actuarially determined contribution	849	785	1,502	available	available	available	available
District's contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ 	\$ -				
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 246,553	\$ 380,366	\$ 317,545				
District's contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	0.34%	0.21%	0.47%				

PONDEROSA FIRE DISTRICT NOTES TO PSPRS PENSION/OPEB PLAN SCHEDULES FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Actuarial determined contribution rates for PSPRS are calculated as of June 30 two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are made. The actuarial methods and assumptins used to establish the contribution requirements are as follows:

Actuarial cost method: Entry age Normal

Amortization method: Level percent-of-pay, closed

Remaining amortization period: 20 years; if the actuarial value of assets exceeded the actuarial accrued liability, the excess was amortized over

an open period of 20 years and applied as a credit to reduce the normal cost which otherwises would be payable.

Asset valuation method: 7-year smoothed market value; 80%/120% market corridor

Wage growth: In the 2014 actuarial valuation, wage growth was decreased from 4.5% to 4.0 - 8.0%. In the 2014 actuarial valuation,

wage growth was decreased from 4.5% to 4.0%. In the 2013 actuarial valuation, wage growth was decreased from 5.0% to 4.5%

Projected Salary Increases: In the 2017 actuarial valuation, projected salary increases were decreased from 4.0%-8.0% to 3.75%-7.5%.

In the 2014 actuarial valuation, projected salary increases were decreased from 4.5%-8.5% to 4.0%-8.0%. In the 2013 actuarial valuation, projected salary increases were decreased from 5.0%-9.0(to 4.5%-8.5%

In the 2017 actuarial valuation, the investment rate of return was decreased from 7.5% to 7.4%. In the 2016 actuarial

valuation the investment rate of return was decreased from 7.85% to 7.5%. In the 2013 actuarial valuation, the

investment rate of return was decreased from 8.0% to 7.85%.

Retirement age: Experience-based table of rates that is specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2012

valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period July 1, 2006 - June 30, 2011.

Mortality: In the 2017 actuarial valuation, changed to RP-2014 tables, with 75% of MP-2016 fully generational projection scales

RP-2000 mortality table (adjusted by 105% for both males and females)

Assumed future permanent

benefit increases:

Members retiring on or before July 1, 2011: 2% of overall average benefit compounded annually. All members receive the same dollar amount of increase. Members retired on or after August 1, 2011: 0.5% of overall average benefit compounded annually.

All members receive the same dollar amount of increase.

Arizona courts have ruled that provisions of a 2011 law changing the mechanism for funding permanent pension benefit increases and increased employee pension contribution rates were unconstitutional or a breach of contract because those provisions apply to individuals who were members as of the law's effective date. As a result, PSPRS changed benefit terms to reflect the prior mechanism for funding permanent behefit increases for those members and revised actuarial assumptions to explicitly value future permanent benefit increases. PSPRS also reduced those members' employee contribution rates. These changes are reflected in the plans' pension liabilities for fiscal year 2015 (measurement date 2014) for members who were retired as of the law's effective date and fiscal year 2018 (measurement date 2017) for members who retired or will retire after the law's effectTheseive date. Changes also increased the PSPRS-required pension contributions beginning in fiscal year 2016 for members who were retired as of the law's effective date. These changes will increase the PSPRS-required contributions beginning in fiscal year 2019 for members who retired or will retire after the law's effective date. Also, the District refunded excess employee contributions to PSPRS members. PSPRS allowed the District to reduce its actual employer contributions for the refund amounts. As a result, the District pension contributions were less than the actuarially or statutorily determined contributions for 2018 and 2019.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

PONDEROSA FIRE DISTRICT ANNUAL REPORT INFORMATION FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

AZ Revised Statutes (ARS) requires certain additional information be attached to the audit report to comply with ARS 48-251 & 48-253 as required to meet the requirements of the AZ "Annual Report" of Special Districts. This information is included as other supplementary information.

REGULAR FIRE BOARD MEETINGS:

<u>Date</u>	Time	<u>Location</u>
July 18, 2019 August 15, 2019	6:00 p.m. 6:00 p.m.	Fire Station, 11851 Shadow Mountain Drive, Bellemont, AZ Fire Station, 1511 Spring Valley Rd, Parks, AZ
Sept 19, 2019	6:00 p.m.	Fire Station, 11851 Shadow Mountain Drive, Bellemont, AZ
October 17, 2019	6:00 p.m.	Fire Station, 1511 Spring Valley Rd, Parks, AZ
Nov 21, 2019	6:00 p.m.	Fire Station, 11851 Shadow Mountain Drive, Bellemont, AZ
Dec 19, 2019	6:00 p.m.	Fire Station, 1511 Spring Valley Rd, Parks, AZ
January 23, 2020	6:00 p.m.	Fire Station, 11851 Shadow Mountain Drive, Bellemont, AZ
Feb 20, 2020	6:00 p.m.	Fire Station, 1511 Spring Valley Rd, Parks, AZ
March 19, 2020	6:00 p.m.	Fire Station, 11851 Shadow Mountain Drive, Bellemont, AZ
April 16, 2020	6:00 p.m.	Video Meeting
May 14, 2020	6:00 p.m.	Video Meeting
June 18, 2020	6:00 p.m.	Video Meeting

BOARD MEMBERS:

Name	Business Phone Number	<u>Position</u>
Mark Christian	928-773-8933	Chairman
Tom Humphrey	928-773-8933	Clerk
Marina Mitchell	928-773-8933	Member
Kurt Wildermuth	928-773-8933	Vice-Chairperson
Rick Tomjack	925-773-8933	Member

LOCATION OF POSTING OF MEETING NOTICES (all meetings):

Bellemont Fire Station 11951 Shadow Mtn Road Bellemont, Arizona Park's Fire Station 1511 Spring Valley Rd Parks, Arizona

LEGAL DESCRIPTION OF BOUNDARY CHANGES:

NONE

PONDEROSA FIRE DISTRICT GOVERNMENT AUDIT STANDARDS JUNE 30, 2020

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SAUNDERS COMPANY, LTD

JAMES H. SAUNDERS, CPA, CFE, CGFM, PI. TRICIA E. SAUNDERS, PI.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT
CERTIFIED FRAUD EXAMINER
CERTIFIED GOVERNMENT FINANCIAL MANAGER
LICENSED PRIVATE INVESTIGATORS #01534603, # 1003706

6008 W. CORTEZ ST GLENDALE, ARIZONA 85304 Tel: (623) 476-8660 Fax: (602) 926-2431 E-Mail: JamesH49@AOL.com

Triciaesaunders@yahoo.co m

Member: American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Arizona Society of Certified Public Accountants Arizona Association of Licensed Private Investig ators

International Association of Certified Fraud Examiners

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Governing Board Ponderosa Fire District Bellemont. Arizona

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Ponderosa Fire District, Bellemont, Arizona, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 14, 2021.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the district's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the district's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

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Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control... June 30, 2020 Page 2

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Saunders Company, Ltd.

Glendale, Arizona April 14, 2021

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SAUNDERS COMPANY, LTD

JAMES H. SAUNDERS, CPA, CFE, CGFM, PI. TRICIA E. SAUNDERS, PI.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT
CERTIFIED FRAUD EXAMINER
CERTIFIED GOVERNMENT FINANCIAL MANAGER
LICENSED PRIVATE INVESTIGATORS #01534603, # 1003706

6008 W. CORTEZ ST GLENDALE, ARIZONA 85304 Tel: (623) 476-8660 Fax: (602) 926-2431 E-Mail: JamesH49@AOL.com Triciaesaunders@yahoo.com

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE OF ARIZONA FIRE DISTRICT REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

To the Governing Board Ponderosa Fire District Bellemont, Arizona

Report on Compliance

We have audited the Ponderosa Fire District's (the District) compliance with the requirements of Arizona Revised Statutes Title 48-805 for the year ended June 30, 2020, and have issued our report thereon dated April 14, 2021. Our audit included test work on the District's compliance with the selected requirements identified in the State of Arizona Revised Statutes and the Arizona State Constitution including, but not limited to, Title 48, Chapter 5, Article 1 and ARS 48-805.

Management's Responsibility

The management of the District is responsible for compliance with all requirements identified above.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance with those requirements based on our audit; specifically, the following statements:

- 1. That the District has not incurred any debt or liability in excess of taxes levied and to be collected and the monies actually available and unencumbered at that time in the District general fund except for those liabilities as prescribed in section 48-805, subsection B, paragraph 2 and sections 48-806 and 48-807.
- 2. That the District complies with subsection F of section 48-805.
- 3. Whether the audit or report disclosed any information contrary to the certification made as prescribed by subsection D, paragraph 1 of section 48-805.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the requirements referred to above occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with those requirements.

Opinion

In our opinion, the District complied with the requirements identified above for the year ended June 30, 2020.

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of the applicable compliance requirements identified in the Arizona Revised Statutes as noted above and the results of that testing based on the state requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Saunders Company, Ltd.

Glendale, Arizona April 14, 2021

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